FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Kunming Declaration (21 July, 2006)
The Association for Tropical Biology and Conservation calls for conservation, research in tropical Asia

Contact: William Laurance, ATBC President and STRI Staff Scientist, laurancew@si.edu, (202) 786 2094 ext. 8252.

The Association for Tropical Biology and Conservation, at its 2006 Annual Meeting hosted by Chinese Academy of Sciences Tropical Botanical Gardens in China’s Yunnan province, issued a declaration calling for the governments of tropical Asia to expand and support protected areas, build transnational biological corridors, increase financial support for conservation and research and become leaders in sustainable development and conservation:

THE KUNMING DECLARATION (21 JULY 2006)

THE CRITICAL NEED FOR FOREST CONSERVATION AND STRATEGIC RESEARCH IN TROPICAL ASIA

WHEREAS, the biological diversity of tropical forests in Asia is among the very richest and most spectacular on the planet, and likely accounts for at least a quarter of all species on Earth; and

WHEREAS, Asia has the highest deforestation rate of any major tropical region in the world, and is also being massively altered by rampant industrial logging, plantation expansion, overhunting, the illegal trade in wildlife and wildlife products, pollution and degradation of freshwater and coastal marine ecosystems, rapid human population growth, and other threats; and
WHEREAS, many species in tropical Asia have naturally restricted geographic ranges and small population sizes, rendering them inherently vulnerable to habitat destruction and degradation; and

WHEREAS, the geographic ranges and population sizes of large forest wildlife, such as elephants, rhinoceroses, tigers, sun bears, and orangutans, have collapsed dramatically in the region, to the degree that very few forests today contain the full complement of their original megafauna; and

WHEREAS, many important ecosystems in tropical Asia are seriously underrepresented within national parks and protected areas, leaving them highly vulnerable to future loss and degradation; and

WHEREAS, spectacular economic growth in Asia, particularly in China and India, is greatly escalating demands for timber, bush meat, wildlife products, agricultural land, and infrastructure expansion throughout the region, and often leads to the destructive or unsustainable use of natural resources; and

WHEREAS, rapid economic growth and the impressive development of scientific expertise in tropical Asia are creating important new opportunities for targeted research and conservation initiatives;

THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Association for Tropical Biology and Conservation:

• URGES the nations of tropical Asia to expand the number and size of protected areas within their borders, especially for forest types and eco-regions that are poorly protected in existing reserves, and for the increasingly rare areas that still retain their highly vulnerable megafauna; and

• IMPLORES the nations of tropical Asia to support existing protected areas against illegal hunting, logging, encroachment, and other degrading activities, providing the political will and resources needed to ensure their long-term protection, especially for surviving megafauna; and

• STRONGLY SUGGESTS that reserves be linked wherever possible into regional networks and cross-national corridors, to increase their size and effectiveness for area-sensitive wildlife, and to reduce their vulnerability to many external threats; and

• RECOMMENDS that financial support be substantially increased for scientific strategies to (a) restore degraded and secondary forests, (b) identify key regions of high biological and conservation significance, (c) enhance and maintain functional connectivity for wildlife among existing and planned reserves; (d) develop multi-national research, collaboration,
Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute
Instituto Smithsonian de Investigaciones Tropicales

and capacity-building; and (e) devise sustainable strategies for natural-resource
development; and

- STRONGLY SUGGESTS that policy makers in tropical Asia engage in an active and
ongoing dialogue with informed scientists, in order to better understand the critical
challenges facing the region and its vital natural resources; and

- URGES the People's Republic of China, by virtue of its growing economic power,
considerable scientific expertise, and growing demands on natural resources in the Asia-
Pacific Region, to take a leading role in promoting, funding, and developing more
sustainable development strategies and conservation initiatives in tropical Asia.

The ATBC

The Association for Tropical Biology and Conservation (www.atbio.org) is the world’s largest
scientific organization devoted to the study, conservation, and wise use of tropical ecosystems.
Founded in 1963, the ATBC has over 1200 members from more than 70 nations worldwide.

The most recent annual meeting of the ATBC was held in Kunming, China, from 18-21 July
2006, hosted by the Xishuangbanna Tropical Botanical Garden and the Chinese Academy of
Sciences.

For further information, contact:

Dr Jin Chen, Director
Xishuangbanna Tropical Botanical Garden
Menglun, Mengla, Yunnan, P.R. China
Email: biotrans@bn.yn.cninfo.net
Telephone: +86-(0)871-5134135

Dr William Laurance, President
Association for Tropical Biology and Conservation
Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute, Balboa, Panama
Email: laurancew@si.edu
Phone: +507-212-8252 and +507-314-9206 (in Panama)